

Dear Board of Directors of the Japan Society for Medical Education:

Thank you for your continued support. I became a member of the Japan Society for Medical Education on August 31, 2009, and have continued as a member for the past five years, but I would like to withdraw from the organization as of May 30, 2015. One of the main reasons why I am withdrawing from the Japan Society for Medical Education is to stop any further academic harassment from this organization toward me (Yukihiisa Shida, M.D., Ph.D. [Mie University]), harassment that has continued after publication of the Chairperson 20th Anniversary Treatise on January 26, 2012. I have received the "Academic Harassment" from the Sanikai (Alumni Association of Mie University Faculty of Medicine) over 20 years. So if my current work in internal medicine decreases, I will not have enough savings for my life in old age. Therefore, I regret to inform you that due to this academic harassment, it will become difficult for me to complete the full paper for the Chairperson 20th Anniversary Treatise that I had planned to finish by 2022. Furthermore, as a member of the Japan Society for Medical Education, I would like to mention the following points to the organization:

1) During the University of Tokyo Medical Education Seminars that are introduced on the front home page of the Japan Society for Medical Education's website each month, I have been a victim of the University of Tokyo's historical and traditional academic harassment by professors of said university (Kazuhiko Yamamoto and Kiyoshi Kitamura). These events occurred on March 14, 2012, and May 22, 2012. This year, on January 26, 2015, I received a birthday cake from Café Fouquet's Paris for my 53rd birthday and was subjected to what may become one of the most famous "Academic Harassment," like the celebrated Café Fouquet's in Paris where the terrorism about the freedom of expression was committed on January 7, 2015. Therefore, I would appreciate it if the Japan Society for Medical Education investigates the events that occurred at front lines on-the-spot (*Genba*) of research and takes strict action against Dr. Kazuhiko Yamamoto: President of the Japan Society of Clinical Immunology and Dr. Kiyoshi Kitamura: Vice President of the Japan Society for Medical Education. In this case, similar to what happened in the Sanikai, an assistant director of a hospital tapped on my shoulder and yelled at me (Dr. Shida) in Mie Prefecture. This was permitted by the Japan Society of Hepatology. However, the two harassing professors ended up on top by being able to remain in the Japan Society for Medical Education and Japan Society for Clinical Immunology. With regard to the questions and answers at the 49th, 50th, 51st, and 52nd University of Tokyo Medical Education Seminars, on January 22, 2013, I attempted to consult with two American university professors (Daniel Wolpaw and Jeffery Wong) who are specialists in medical education concerning the details of this case of academic harassment, but they didn't reply to me, which meant "No comment." A total of 100 professors from Osaka University and 30 professors from the University of Tokyo to whom I had previously sent academic papers also ignored this academic harassment toward me. Board of Directors, the Japan Society of Hepatology did not take action the medical problem and "Academic Harassment" in Mie University on November 30, 1996 is cross our (Board of Directors and Dr. Shida) mind as a similar case. If the two professors are able to remain in the Japan Society in 2015, like Dr. Masahiko Kaito who succeed to take a photo of the virus of type C Hepatitis by the electron microscopy first, we will have one more bad example in the academic field in the 21st century. 'Outlaw (excluded from the rules) does anything he likes and wins (*Yattamonogachi*).' I expect a fair discussion with experts, and ideas, diction, energy and honesty in the Japan Society for Medical Education, without doctors concerned (Mie University, Kyoto University and the University of Tokyo and private universities). Mie university academic clique said that we have an allergy to Dr. Shida (Doctor and Chairperson of Sports) before. It is in the field of the Japan Society of Clinical Immunology. (??)



2) Even after my withdrawal from the Japan Society for Medical Education, I plan to continue to be active in clinical, educational, and research fields related to medical education for the time being. I would like the academic harassment toward me in the field of medical education to stop. The specific details concerning this harassment are as follows:

- ① Saying or writing that persons who passed the general examination for entrance to public universities are not brilliant (*Shusai*) or special
- ② Saying or writing that persons who have graduated from a public university graduated from a private university, did not enter or were not enrolled at a public university, or quit (dropped out)
- ③ Saying or writing that persons who belong to a public university belong to (or have previously worked at) a private university
- ④ Dropping the head abruptly toward persons who have graduated from a public university
- ⑤ Statements that others are not men, not adults, or not doctors of medicine (those who have an undergraduate degree are ranked third, those who have a master's degree are ranked second, and those who have a doctoral degree are ranked first); calling others who are doctors good for nothing; or using titles such as "nurse," "technician," "Mr.," or "San" instead of "physician," "Dr.," or "Sensei" in speech or in writing
- ⑥ Saying or writing that the clinical practice, research, or education of others are not top-notch in Japan or the world
- ⑦ Saying or writing that others have a low level of humanity, have immoral behavior (such as repeatedly performing indecent sexual acts with nurse colleagues), are a burden, are not compatible, or are good for nothing
- ⑧ Saying or writing that other physicians with a high level of humanity or whose behavior is honorable (i.e., those who do not repeatedly perform indecent sexual acts with nurse colleagues) are not needed in clinical practice, research, or education
- ⑨ Saying or writing that someone is a greenhorn (similar to the late Yoshiaki Sasai, a former professor and "Prince" of Kyoto University)
- ⑩ Saying or writing that they have never heard of clinical practice, research, or education outside of their own
- ⑪ Saying or writing that they have never said "No comment," despite not responding to a question during a question and answer session
- ⑫ Saying or writing that they are not aware of a paper (such as the Chairperson 20th Anniversary Treatise)

3) Furthermore, with regard to the academic home page (provisional address: <http://www.chairperson.jp>) that I (Dr. Shida) plan to launch in 2015, I ask fellow professionals to refrain from continuing to slander or defame my clinical, research, and academic activities (academic publications, etc.) by means such as the repeated "No comment" that I have received, similar to the case of the Saitama Prefectural Medical Association, while these persons do not resign from their jobs even though they have improper relationships with the opposite sex.

4) For your reference, I will also send you an academic document (in Japanese) addressed to the Chiba Prefectural Government regarding a certain doctor who has a history of being affiliated with a private university (has received a full-time salary) and who has noticeable similarities to the content of item 2) above, just like those who have graduated from Keio University, approximately 20-30% of whom are so-called "not-brilliant persons" (those who would not be able to pass the general entrance examination for Fukushima University). Due to wording such as "Dr. Shida is the same as others who have graduated from private universities (Saitama Medical University, Jichi Medical University, Open University of Japan)" or "he has not graduated from Mie University and is an embarrassment," or "he is not-brilliant," or "he is a greenhorn," even the hospital nurses at the outpatient department stopped greeting me as a doctor of medicine at Mie University. My case report of a doctor who has these academic problems of medical education has yet to be discussed in major Japanese academic societies, the Japan Society for Medical Education, the Japan Society of Ningen Dock, the Japan Society for Dementia Research, and the Japan Society for Occupational Health. On November 21, 2013, I consulted through academic documents with Dr. Hidetoshi Mochida, the director of neurosurgery at Asahi General Hospital (a 980-bed facility in Asahi City, Chiba Prefecture), one of the largest municipal hospitals in Japan, at an academic research meeting after searching for his name on the home page of the Japan Society for Dementia Research, but he pulled his waist (backed away academically). In the 21st century, he is a specialist of the Japan Neurological Society and the Japan Society for Dementia Research recommended by Japanese domestic medical institutions, medical associations, and the mass media, but this specialist was like a beginning skier who pulls his waist. By the way, at Toranomom Hospital (an 890-bed facility in Tokyo), there is a list of the specialists in the hospital, and the specialists are emphasized for second opinions, but on September 15, 2009, my requests concerning the alma maters and university specialties (internal medicine, surgery, etc.) of the specialists at Toranomom Hospital were rebuffed. In Japan, especially at private universities, the background of medical doctors, such as their alma mater and basic academic ability (brilliance or lack thereof), use of entrance-examination brokers and education costs (the cost to enter through backdoor channels is over 60 million yen), medical specialty (such as internal medicine or surgery), academic specialty (such as clinical practice, research, or education), English skill (ability to speak and write in English), etc., is often unable to be confirmed. As the Japan Society for Medical Education is well aware, preceding those disclosures of information, I have been working on academic literature such as the Chairperson 20th Anniversary Treatise and seminars held by University of Tokyo. I already told the receptionist of the 39th Japan Society of Ningen Dock Specialist Seminar held on March 8, 2015, that I am from Mie University (near first-class university), so it would be a problem if the three lecturing professors from the third-class universities of Kawasaki Medical School, Jikei University School of Medicine (talked casually, "*Chatte*"), and Keio University (refused to receive questions) do a job that lacks a sense of tension. By the way, I have never heard even one refutation to the effect that "Dr. Shida has academically pointed out that our private universities use an entrance-examination broker and accept candidates for a fee of 60 million yen, but our universities are not plutocratic nor third rate. This is not true at all" from President Nobutaro Ban (former Associate Professor of Kawasaki Medical School) and 2500 members of the Japan Society for Medical Education in the 21st century.



日本医学教育学会 理事会御中

いつもお世話になります。私 2009年8月31日に日本医学教育学会に入会し5年間会員継続としてきましたが、2015年学会会費期限5月30日をもちまして退会手続きとして下さい。日本医学教育学会退会の主な理由は、2012年1月26日付「Chairperson 20th Anniversary Treatise」公表後も日本医学教育学会等から私（志田幸久、三重大学医学博士）への「Academic Harassment」が続き、これ以上の嫌がらせ抑制などのためです。三医会（三重大学医学部医学科学関）からの「Academic Harassment」も20年間以上続いてまして、現在の東京首都圏での内科勤務が減少しますと、私老後の資金がなくなります。従いまして、2022年頃までに作成予定でありました私の論文「Chairperson 20th Anniversary Treatise」の Full Paper も、この Academic Harassment によりまして残念ながら実現困難となりました。そして以下は、日本医学教育学会会員として、最後に日本医学教育学会にお伝えさせていただきます事項です。

- 1) 日本医学教育学会公式 Homepage 表紙にて毎月紹介されてます、東京大学医学教育セミナーで、山本一彦 東大教授、北村聖 東大教授から東京大学、歴史と伝統の Academic Harassment を私受けました。2012年3月14日と2012年5月22日です。2015年1月7日表現の自由に関して Terrorism が起きました Paris にあります Café Fouquet's で、私 2015年1月26日、Birthday Cake (53歳) をいただきましたが、その有名な Café の様に、2016年以降、世界でも有名な「Academic Harassment」の一つとなられるかもしれませんが、事実関係を確認の上、日本医学教育学会として、東京大学構内、学術の現場最前線で見られました日本医学教育学会の学者に対する行為につきまして、時間を取り厳正な対処をしていただければ幸いです。日本臨床免疫学会 山本一彦理事長と日本医学教育学会 北村聖副理事長です。2013年1月22日に、医学教育を専門とされるお二人の米国大学教授、Prof. Daniel Wolpaw 並びに Prof. Jeffrey Wong に、「Question at the 50th Anniversary Seminar」として今回の Academic Harassment 詳細をご相談させていただきましたが、特にコメントはいただけませんでした。以前私から学術文書をお送りしています、大阪大学100名の教授陣と東京大学30名の教授陣も、見て見ぬふりです。日本医学教育学会理事会の皆さん、1996年11月30日に日本肝臓学会理事会が、三重大学の医学的問題と Academic Harassment (肩を叩いて怒鳴るなど) について何の対応も取られなかったことが思い出されます。もし東京大学の2名の教授が、C型肝炎 Virus の電子顕微鏡写真撮影に初めて成功された垣内雅彦医師の様に学会残留では、21世紀、学術分野におきまして悪い実例がもう一つ増え、「やったもの勝ち」になってしまいます。是非、関係者（三重大学、京都大学、東京大学、私立大学の出身者及び常勤勤務経験者）以外の理事、日本医学教育学会の専門家率直な議論を交わし討論して下さい。かつて三重大学学関は、「私たちは、志田先生（Sportsの医師と議長）に Allergy があります」と説明されてましたが、こちらも日本臨床免疫学会のご専門（??）です。
- 2) 私、日本医学教育学会退会後も、医学教育の臨床、教育、研究は当面継続致します。今後は、医学教育学術分野からの私に対する Academic Harassment はお控えいただければ幸いです。具体的には以下内容などです。
  - ① (国公立大学一般入試合格者に対して) いわゆる秀才ではない、大したことない、との言い方、書き方
  - ② (国公立大学出身者に対して) 私立大学出身、または国公立大学に入って(入学して)いない、国公立大学は終わった(中退した)、との言い方、書き方
  - ③ (国公立大学所属者に対して) 私立大学所属(給与授受経歴あり)との言い方、書き方
  - ④ (国公立大学出身者に対して) 頭をガクッと落とす仕事、対応
  - ⑤ (ご自分、ご自分達以外は) 男性ではない、大人ではない、博士(学士3番、修士2番とすると、高学歴の博士は1番)ではない、(博士ではなく)中途半端、「医師、Dr、先生」でなく、「看護師、技師、Mr、さん」との言い方、書き方
  - ⑥ (ご自分、ご自分達以外は) 日本で、世界で指折りの学者、臨床、研究、教育ではない、との言い方、書き方
  - ⑦ (ご自分、ご自分達以外は) 人間性が下または考え方が甘い(勤務先の看護婦などとみだらな行為を繰り返す)、お荷物になる、合わない、使えない、との言い方、書き方
  - ⑧ 人間性が上または考え方が厳しい(勤務先の看護婦などとみだらな行為を繰り返さない) 医師が、臨床、研究、教育に必要な、との言い方、書き方
  - ⑨ (故笹井芳樹 京都大学教授などと同じ) お坊ちゃん、との言い方、書き方
  - ⑩ (ご自分、ご自分達以外の) 臨床、研究、教育については、承知していない(申さない)、との言い方、書き方
  - ⑪ 質疑応答に応じずに、「No comment」ではない、との言い方、書き方
  - ⑫ 私の論文「Chairperson 20th Anniversary Treatise」などについて、学術文書を承知していない(申さない)、との言い方、書き方
- 3) なお2015年開設予定、私(Dr. 志田)の学術 Homepage (仮 Address: <http://www.chairperson.jp>)につきましても、勤務先におけるご自分、ご自分たちの不適切な男女関係に関して辞表もお書きにならず、幾度となく「No comment」を繰り返された後、埼玉県医師会の様に私の臨床、研究、教育(学術文書等)に対して、「誹謗、中傷」などと批評されることはご遠慮下さい。
- 4) ご参考までに、20~30%程は、いわゆる秀才でない(福島大学一般入試に合格すると言われない)慶應大学出身者と同様、上記2)内容が実際目立ちました私立大学所属歴(常勤給与授受歴)のある医師につきましての千葉県庁宛学術文書(日本語)をお送り致します。「志田先生は、(埼玉医大、自治医大、放送大学など)私立大学出身者と同じ。三重大学を出ておらず、恥ずかしい。秀才でない、お坊ちゃん。」、そんな言い回しでみえ、病院外来の看護婦も三重大学医学博士に挨拶もしなくなりました。なおこちらの医学教育学術上の問題、医師症例報告につきましても、日本国内主要関連学会、日本医学教育学会、日本人間ドック学会、日本認知症学会、日本産業衛生学会におかれましても議論はこれからです。日本認知症学会公式 Homepage でお名前を検索の上、国内最大規模の自治体病院、総合病院国保旭中央病院(980床、千葉県旭市)の持田英俊脳神経外科部長に、2013年11月21日、学術文書にて学術研究会でご相談させていただきましたが、学術的に腰を引かれました。21世紀、日本国内の医療機関、医師会、マスコミで推奨されてます日本の医学学会公認認定専門医で見えますが、日本脳神経外科学会専門医並びに日本認知症学会認知症専門医は、まるで Ski における初心者で見えます。ちなみに一流病院とされる虎ノ門病院(890床、東京)でも、院内に専門医一覧の掲示があり、専門医を強調、重視された上、臨床医学の Second Opinion を出されてますが、認定専門医で見える虎の門病院担当医師の出身大学と医学の専門(内科、外科など)の問い合わせについては、2009年9月15日腰を引かれました。日本では、特に私立大学で、医師の出身大学、基礎学力(秀才の有無)、入試 Broker と学費(裏口入学で6000万円の学費など)、医学の専門(内科の専門家、外科の専門家など)、学術の専門(臨床、研究、教育)、英語(使用の可否)等、

医師の Background がしばしば確認出来ません。日本医学教育学会がよくご存じの様に、それらの情報開示につきましても、私から学会に先駆けて、「Chairperson 20th Anniversary Treatise」等の学術文書、東京大学開催の Seminar など医学教育を始めさせていただいています。2015年3月8日開催、第39回日本人間ドック学会 認定医・専門医研修会でも、「私は（一流半大学の）三重大学からですので、今日の三流大学からの依頼講演教授3名、川崎医大と慈恵医大（「ちゃって」）、慶應大学（質疑拒否）の様な緊張感のないお仕事では困ります。」と受付でご注意申し上げました。ちなみに、「日本の私立大学は、入試 Broker を使い、6000万円以上出すとのご指摘を、志田先生から学術的にいただいておりますが、裏口金権大学及び三流大学ではありません。違います。」との反論を伺ったことは、21世紀、日本医学教育学会、伴信太郎理事長並びに2500名の会員から一度もありませんでした。

志田幸久

日本卓球チーム・チームドクター（1990-1994）

国際卓球連盟スポーツ科学会議・議長（1991）

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